MARKING SCHEME Subject: Computer Science Class: XII (2017-18)

Time	e: 3 Hrs	. N	A.M.:70		
Instr	uctions	:			
	(a) Al	l questions are compulsory,			
	(b) Ar	nswer either Section A or Section B:			
		(i) Section A - Programming Language with C++			
		(ii) Section B - Programming Language with Python			
	(c) Se	ction C is compulsory.			
		SECTION – A (C++)			
Q.	Part	Question Description	Marks		
No.					
Q1.	(a)	What is the role of a parameter/argument passed in a function? Can a default value be	2		
		assigned to a parameter(Yes/No)? If yes, justify your answer with the help of a suitable			
		example otherwise give reason.			
	 Part Question Description (a) What is the role of a parameter/argument passed in a function? Can a default value be assigned to a parameter(Yes/No)? If yes, justify your answer with the help of a suitable 				
		required by the function to work and provide desired output.			
		Yes, an argument may be assigned a default value.			
		E.g.			
		int Sum(int a, int b=10) //Here b is given a default value of 10			
		{ return $(a+b)$; }			
		void main()			
		{			
		int x=5;			
		cout< <sum(x);< td=""><td></td></sum(x);<>			
		}			
		Output: 15			
		(1 mark for correct role of parameter)			
		(1/2 mark for correct answer)			
		(1/2 mark for giving correct example)			
	(b)	Raman suggests Kishan the following header files which are required to be included in	1		

	the given C++ program. Identify the header files which are wrongly suggested by	
	Raman.	
	Program:	
	<pre>void main() { char Grade; cin.get(Grade); if(isalpha(Grade)) cout.put(Grade); } Suggested header files:-</pre>	
	 iostream.h stdio.h 	
	3. conio.h4. ctype.h	
A	ns stdio.h	
	conio.h	
	(1/2 mark for each correct header file)	
((Rewrite the following program after removing the syntactical errors (if any). Underline	2
	each correction.	
	<pre>#include<iostream.h> #include<conio.h> Typdef int Num; Num full=100; Num Calc(int X) {</conio.h></iostream.h></pre>	
	full=(X>2)?1:2; return (full%2)	
	} void main {	
	<pre>int full=1000; full=Calc(::full); cout<<::full<<"::">>full>>endl; }</pre>	
A	ns #include <iostream.h></iostream.h>	
	#include <conio.h></conio.h>	
	typdef int Num; //Typedef should be written as typedef	
	Num full=100;	

	Num Calc(int X)	
	<pre>{ full=(X>2)?1:2; return (full%2); //; is missing } void main() { int full=1000; full=Calc(::full); cout<<::full<<endl; pre="" }<=""></endl;></pre>	
	(1/2 mark for every corrected line of code) Or (1 Mark for only identifying any 4 errors without suggesting corrections)	
(d)	<pre>Write the output of the following C++ program code(assume all necessary header files are included in program): void Encrypt(char *S, int key) {</pre>	
Ans	Output: New Encrypted Message after Pass 1 is : Dpnqvufs3128	
1	New Encrypted Message after Pass 2 is : Eqorwvgt4239	

	(1 mark of each correct line of output)	
(e)	Write the output of the following C++ program code(assume all necessary header files	3
	are included in program):	
	struct Ticket	
	{ char Level;	
	int Price;	
	};	
	<pre>void Compute(Ticket &T) {</pre>	
	if (T.Level=='A')	
	T.Price+=50;	
	else if (T.Level=='B') T.Price+=30;	
	else if (T.Level=='C')	
	T.Price+=25;	
	<pre>cout<<t.level<<"::"<<t.price<<endl; pre="" }<=""></t.level<<"::"<<t.price<<endl;></pre>	
	void main()	
	<pre>{ Ticket Mon_Show[]={{'C',250},{'A',300},{'B',350}}; for(int count=2;count>=0;)</pre>	
	<pre> compute(Mon_Show[count]); </pre>	
	}	
Ans	Output:	
	B:380	
	A:350	
	C:275	
	(1 mark of each correct line of output)	
(f)	Consider the following C++ program code and choose the option(s) which are not	2
	possible as output. Also, print the minimum & maximum value of variable Pick during	
	complete execution of the program.(assume all necessary header files are included in	
	program):	

<pre>const int NUM=5; void main() { randomize(); int V1=1, V2=5, Pick; while(V1<v2) { Pick = random(NUM) + (V2-V1); cout<<pick<<":"; V1++; } } (a) 5:6:6:6: (b) 4:7:5:3: (c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1 Ans Output: Option (a) % (a) </pick<<":"; </v2) </pre>	
<pre>randomize(); int V1=1, V2=5, Pick; while(V1<v2) {</v2) </pre>	
int V1=1, V2=5, Pick; while(V1 <v2)< td=""> { Pick = random(NUM) + (V2-V1); cout<<pick<<":";< td=""> V1++; } (a) 5:6:6:6: (b) 4:7:5:3: (c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1</pick<<":";<></v2)<>	
<pre>while(V1<v2) th="" {<=""><th></th></v2)></pre>	
<pre>{ Pick = random(NUM) + (V2-V1); cout<<pick<<":"; (a)="" (b)="" (c)="" (d)="" 4:7:5:3:="" 5:6:6:6:="" 7:5:3:1="" 8:6:1:2:="" ans="" output:<="" pre="" v1++;="" }=""></pick<<":";></pre>	
Cout< <pick<<":"; V1++; } (a) 5:6:6:6: (b) 4:7:5:3: (c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1 Ans Output:</pick<<":"; 	
V1++; } (a) 5:6:6:6: (b) 4:7:5:3: (c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1 Ans Output:	
} (a) 5:6:6:6: (b) 4:7:5:3: (c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1	
} } (a) 5:6:6:6: (b) 4:7:5:3: (c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1	
(b) 4:7:5:3: (c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1 Ans Output:	
(c) 8:6:1:2: (d) 7:5:3:1	
(d) 7:5:3:1 Ans Output:	
Ans Output:	
Option (a) \Re (a)	
Option (a) & (c)	
Maximum value of Pick will be 8	
Minimum value of Pick will be 1	
(1/2 mark for each correct option)	
(1 mark each giving correct values of both max & min)	
Q2.(a)What do you mean by Data Abstraction in OOPs? Explain its significance with a suitable	2
example.	
Ans Data abstraction in OOPs is the process of showing only the essential details of a class	
without going into background details.	
E.g.	

	<pre>#include<iostream.h></iostream.h></pre>	
	class PRODUCT	
	{	
	int a,b;	
	public:	
	void Mult()	
	{	
	int c;	
	cout<<"Enter 2 nos";	
	cin>>a>>b;	
	c= a*b;	
	<pre>cout<<"Product is:"<<c;< pre=""></c;<></pre>	
	}	
	};	
	void main()	
	{	
	PRODUCT p;	
	p.Mult();	
	}	
	In the above example, public member Mult() is invoked using the object p of class	
	PRODUCT. Thus, demonstrating Data abstraction.	
	TRODUCT. Thus, demonstrating Data abstraction.	
	(1 mark for correct definition of data abstraction)	
	(1 mark for correct definition of data abstraction)	
	(1 mark for giving a valid example)	
(b)	Answer the question (i) & (ii) after going through the following code. (assume all	2
	necessary header files are included in program):-	
	neuer mes de metada m program).	

```
class Game
      {
               char Name[21];
               int No_of_Players;
      public:
                                                 //Function 1
               Game()
               {
                        strcpy(Name,"Cricket");
                        No of Players=11;
                        cout<<"New Game Starts\n";</pre>
               }
                                                 //Function 2
               Game(char N[],int No)
                        strcpy(Name,N);
                        No of Players=No;
                        cout<<Name<<"comprises"<<No of Players<<" number of players\n";</pre>
               }
                                                 //Function 3
               ~Game()
                        cout<<"Game Ends\n";</pre>
               }
      };
         (i)
                 Give the name of the feature of OOP which is implemented by Function 1 &
                 2 together in the above class Game.
         (ii)
                 Anuj made changes to the above class Game and made Function 3 private.
                 Will he be able to execute the Line 1 successfully given below? Justify.
                                          void main()
                                          {
                                                 Game ABC;
                                                                      //Line 1
                                          }
                 Polymorphism or Function Overloading or Constructor Overloading
Ans
         (i)
                 (1 mark for correct answer)
                 Yes, an error "Destructor for Game is not accessible" will come. As there is a
          (ii)
                 destructor defined in the class and it cannot be made private.
                 (1/2 mark for correct answer Yes)
                 (1/2 mark for correct reason)
      Define a class Bill in OOP with the following specification:-
(c)
                                                                                                     4
      Private members:
          1. Bill_no
                                          type long(bill number)
                                   _
         2. Bill_period
                                          type integer(number of months)
                                   -
```

3.	No_of_call	s - type	e integer(number of mobile calls)			
4. Payment_mode - type string(" online " or " offline ")						
5.	Amount	- type	e float(amount of bill)			
6.	Calculate_1	Bill() function to cal	lculate the amount of bill give	ven as per the		
following conditions:						
		No_of_calls	Calculation Rate/call (in rupees)			
		<=500	1.0			
		501-1200	2.0			
		>1200	4.0			
	Also, the		4.0 ould be reduced by 5% if Pa	yment_mode is		
"onlin				yment_mode is		
"onlin				yment_mode is		
				yment_mode is		
<u>Public</u>	e". <u>c members:</u>	value of Amount she				
<u>Public</u>	e". <u>c members:</u> A membe	value of Amount sho r function New_Bill	ould be reduced by 5% if Pa	s for Bill_no		
<u>Public</u>	e". <u>c members:</u> A membe Bill_period	value of Amount sho r function New_Bill	ould be reduced by 5% if Pay () that will accept the value ayment_mode from the use	s for Bill_no.		

```
class Bill
Ans
        {
                long Bill no;
                int Bill period;
                int No_of_calls;
                char Payment mode[8];
                float Amount;
                void Calculate_Bill()
                       if( No_of_calls<=500)
                                Amount=(No of calls)*1.0;
                       else if( No of calls<=1200)
                                Amount=(No of calls)*2.0;
                       else
                                Amount=(No_of_calls)*4.0;
                       if(strcmpi(Payment mode,"online")==0)
                                Amount=Amount - (.05)*Amount;
                }
        public:
                void New Bill()
                {
                        cout<<"Enter values for Bill No, Bill Period, No. of calls & Payment mode(online or offline)";</pre>
                        cin>>Bill_no>>Bill_period>>No_of_calls;
                       gets(Payment mode);
                       Calculate Bill();
                void Print Bill()
                       cout<<"Bill No.:"<<Bill no<<endl;</pre>
                        cout<<"Bill period(in months):"<<Bill_period<<endl;</pre>
                        cout<<"No. of Calls.:"<<No of calls<<endl;</pre>
                       cout<<"Payment mode:"<<Payment mode<<endl;</pre>
                       cout<<"Amount of Bill:"<<Amount<<endl;</pre>
                }
        };
        (1/2 Mark for correct syntax of class header)
        (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Mark for correct declarations of data members)
        (1 Mark for correct definition of Caluclate_Bill() function)
        (1 Mark for correct definition of New_Bill() function)
        (1 Mark for correct definition of print_Bill() function)
        Note:
```

	Deduct ¹ / ₂ Mark if Caluclate_Bill() is not invoked properly inside New_Bill() function.	
(d)	Answer the question from (i) to (iv) based on the given below code(assume all necessary	
(u)		
	header files are included in program):-	
	class City	
	i int City_Id;	
	char City_Name[30];	
	protected:	
	int City_Population;	
	<pre>public: City();</pre>	
	void Get Population();	
	<pre>void New_City();</pre>	
	<pre>void Show_City();</pre>	
	}; class State + public City	
	class State : public City {	
	int State_Id;	
	char State_Name[25];	
	protected:	
	int State_Population; public:	
	State();	
	<pre>void New_State();</pre>	
	<pre>void Print_State();</pre>	
	}; class Country : private State	
	{	
	int Country_Id;	
	char Country_Name[25];	
	<pre>public:</pre>	
	<pre>void New_Country();</pre>	
	<pre>void Display_Country();</pre>	
	};	
	(i) Write name of the class whose constructor is invoked first on the creation of a	
	new object of class Country.	
	(ii) Write name of the data members which are accessible through the object of	
	class Country.	
	(iii) List name of the members which are accessible through the member function	
	"void New_Country()".	
	(iv) What will be the size(in bytes) of an object of class Country & State	
	respectively.	

	Ans	(i) class City	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
		(ii) None	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
		(iii) Data members: Country_Id, Country_Name[25], State_Population,	
		City_Population	
		Member functions: Display_Country(), New_State(), Print_State(),	
		<pre>Get_Population(), New_City(), Show_City()</pre>	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
		(iv) 90 bytes for object of class Country & 63 bytes for object of class State	
		(1/2 mark for each correct answer)	
Q3	(a)	Write the definition of function named Array_Swap() that will accept an integer array &	3
		its size as arguments and the function will interchange/swap elements in such a way that	
		the first element is swapped with the last element, second element is swapped with the	
		second last element and so on, only if anyone or both the elements are odd.	
		E.g. if initially array of seven elements is:	
		5, 16, 4, 7, 19, 8, 2	
		After execution of the above function, the contents of the array will be:	
		2,16, 19, 7, 4, 8, 5	
	Ans	<pre>void Array_Swap(int A[],int size) {</pre>	
		int Temp, I;	
		for(I=0;I <size 2;i++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td></size>	
		if((A[I]%2!=0) (A[size-1-I]%2!=0))	
		{ Temp=A[I];	
		A[I]=A[size-1-I];	
		A[size-1-I]=Temp; }	
		}	
		}	
		(¹ / ₂ Mark for correct function header)	
		(1/2 Mark for correct loop)	
		(1 Mark for correct checking of odd elements in each pair)	
		(1 Mark for swapping the elements)	
	(b)	An array A[50][30] is stored along the row in the memory with each element requiring 4	3
		bytes of storage. If the element A[10][15] is stored at 21500, then find out the base	

		address of the array and the memory address of element stored at location A[30][25]?	
A	Ans	Row-major Formula:- $A[I][J]=B+W^*((I-L_r)^*N_c + (J-L_c))$	
		Nr=50, Nc=30, B=?, W=4, Lr=0, Lc=0, A(10,15)=21500	
		A[10][15]=B+4*((10-0)*30+(15-0))	
		21500 = B + 4*(300 + 15)	
		21500=B + 4*315	
		B=21500-1260	
		B=20240	
		A[30][25] = 20240 + 4*((30-0)*30 + (25-0))	
		A[30][25] = 20240 + 4*(900+25)	
		A[30][25] = 20240 + 4*925	
		A[30][25] = 23940	
		(1 Mark for using correct formula for row major)	
		(1/2 Mark each for substituting formula with correct values for calculation of Base	
		address & address of (30,25) element)	
		(1/2 Mark for each correct final answer of Base address & address of A(30,25))	
((c)	Write the definition of a member function Q_Insert() for a class Exam_Queue in C++	4
		to insert a new Application information in a dynamically allocated queue whose code is	
		already given below as a part of the program(assume all necessary header files are	
		included in program):	
		struct Application {	
		int App_Id;	
		char App_Name[21]; Application *Link;	
		};	
		class Exam_Queue {	
		Application *Front, *Rear;	
		public: Exam_Queue() //Constructor	
		{	
		{ Front=Rear=NULL; }	
		{ Front=Rear=NULL; } void Q_Insert ();	
		{ Front=Rear=NULL; }	

	Ans								
	7115	<pre>void Exam_Queue::Q_Insert() {</pre>							
		Application *Temp;							
		Temp=new Application;							
		cout<<"Enter the values of App. Id & App. Name \n";							
		<pre>cin>>Temp->App_Id; gets(Temp->App_Name);</pre>							
		Temp->Link = NULL;							
		if(Front==NULL)							
		Front=Temp;							
		else Rear->Link=Temp; Rear=Temp;							
	delete Temp; } (1 Mark for creating new node) (¹ / ₂ Mark for entering values for the new node)								
	 (1/2 Mark for assigning NULL value to the new node) (1/2 Mark for assigning Front to the first node) 								
		(¹ / ₂ Mark for linking the last node to the new node)							
		(1 Mark for assigning Rear to the new node)							
	(d)	Write the definition of a user-defined function REPEAT_ROW(int A[][3],int R, int C)	2						
		in C++ that will store the elements in the following manner							
		1. All row elements except the 1^{st} element replaced by the 1^{st} element,							
		2. All row elements except the $1^{st} \& 2^{nd}$ element replaced by the 2^{nd} element,							
		3. All row elements except the 1^{st} , 2^{nd} & 3^{rd} element replaced by the 3^{rd} element and							
		so on.							
		For example: if initially the array was:-							
		5 6 10 2							
		2 6 9 12							
		18 14 5 6							
		Then, the contents of the array after execution of the above function will be:-							
		5 5 5 5							
		2 6 6 6							
		18 14 5 5							

Ans (e)	{ } (1 Mark for corr (1 Mark for corr	<pre>nt I=0;I<r;i++) for(int="" int="" j="I+1;J<C;J" th="" x="A[I][I];" {<=""><th>(; }</th><th>Stack after execution</th><th>of 2</th></r;i++)></pre>	(; }	Stack after execution	of 2
	each operation se	parately:			
	T]	RUE, FALSE, OR, NOT,	TRUE, FALSE, AN	D, OR	
Ans	S. No.	Element Scanned	Operation	Stack Status	
	1	True	Push (True)	True	
	2	False	Push (False)	True, False	
	3	OR	Pop(True)	True, False, OR	
			Pop(False)	True	
			OR(True,		
			False)=True		
			Push (True)		
	4	NOT	Pop(True)	True, NOT	
			NOT(True)=False	False	
	5	True	Push (True)	False, True	
	6	False	Push (False)	False, True, False	
	7	AND	Pop(False)	False, True,	
			Pop(True)	False, AND	
			AND(False,	False, False	
			True)=False		
			Push False		
	8	OR	Pop(False)	False, False, OR	
			Pop(False)	False	
			OR(False,		

		(1/2 Mark for evaluating till OR operator)	
		(1/2 Mark for evaluating till NOT operator)	
		(1/2 Mark for evaluating till AND operator)	
		(1/2 Mark for evaluating till OR operator)	
		Note: (1 Mark to be given for writing correct answer as FALSE without showing	
		the Stack Status)	
Q4.	(a)	Answer the questions (i) & (ii) in the program segment given below for the required task.	1
		class Route {	
		int Route_No; //Route Number	
		char Route_Name[21]; //Name of Route	
		int No_Kms; //Distance in kms on Route public:	
		void New_Route(); //Accepts details of new Route	
		<pre>void Show_Route(); //Display details of a Route</pre>	
		int Get_RouteNo() //Return the Route Number	
		<pre>{ return Route_No; } void Update_Kms(int K)</pre>	
		$\{ No Kms=K; \}$	
		};	
		<pre>void Update_Route(int No, int New_Kms) //Update No_Kms of a Route</pre>	
		<pre>{ Route R; fstream File("ROUTE.DAT",ios::in ios::out ios::binary); while(!File.eof()) { </pre>	
		<pre>File.read((char*)&R, sizeof(R));</pre>	
		<pre>if((R.Get_RouteNo()==No))</pre>	
		<pre>{ R.Update_Kms(New_Kms);</pre>	
		//Statement 1 //Statement 2	
		<pre>cout<<"Route Details updated\n";</pre>	
		}	
		}	
		File.close();	
		(i) ^f	
		Write Statement 1 to position the file pointer to the appropriate place so that	
		the data updation is done for the correct Route.	
		(ii) Write Statement 2 to perform the write operation so that the updation is done	
		in the binary file "ROUTE.DAT".	
	Ans	(i) File.seekg(-sizeof(R), ios::cur);	

	(ii) File.write((char*)&R,sizeof(R));	
	(1/2 Mark for each correct answer)	
(b)	Write a user-defined function named Count() that will read the contents of text file	2
	named "Report.txt" and count the number of lines which starts with either 'I' or 'M'.	
	E.g. In the following paragraph, there are 3 lines starting with 'I' or 'M':	
	"India is the fastest growing economy.	
	India is looking for more investments around the globe.	
	The whole world is looking at India as a great market.	
	Moreover, China is lying behind India."	
Ans	<pre>void Count() { ifstream f("Report.txt"); int C=0; char S[40]; while(!f.eof()) { f.getline(S,40,'.'); if((S[0]=='I') (S[0]=='M')) { C++; } } cout<<"No. of line starting with I or M are :"<<c; f.close();="" pre="" }<=""></c;></pre>	
	(1/2 Mark for opening opinion.txt correctly)	
	(1/2 Mark for fetching each line from the file correctly)	
	(1/2 Mark for counting each word)	
	(1/2 Mark for correct displaying the no. of lines which starts with 'M' or 'I')	
(c)	Consider the following class Item:-	3

```
class Item
            {
                      int ItemId;
                      int Quantity;
                     float Price;
            public:
                     void NewItem()
            {
                      cin>>ItemId>>Quantity>>Price;
                      }
                     void ShowItem()
            {
                     cout<<ItemId<<":"<<Quantity<<":"<<Price<<endl;</pre>
            }
                     void Set_Price(float P)
                                                           }
                               Price=P;
                      ł
                      int Ret_Id()
                               return ItemId; }
                      ł
            };
            Write a function named Change_Item(int Id, float Pr) to modify the price of the item
            whose Itemid & new price are passed as an argument.
            void Change Item(int Id, float Pr)
      Ans
            {
                      fstream File("ITEM.DAT",ios::in|ios::out|ios::binary);
                      Item I;
                      while(!File.eof())
                      ł
                               File.read((char*)&I, sizeof(I));
                               if(I.Ret_Id()==Id)
                                        I.Set Price(Pr);
                                        File.seekg(-sizeof(I), ios::cur);
                                        File.write((char*)&I,sizeof(I));
                               }
                      File.close();
            }
            (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Mark for opening ITEM.DAT correctly)
            (1 Mark for reading all records from the file)
            (1 Mark for comparing value of Id from file & calling Set_Price() function)
            (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Mark for writing new value of price in file)
                                         SECTION – B (Python)
Q1
      (a)
             Differentiate between break and continue statement with the help of an example.
                                                                                                        2
             break statement is used to terminate the execution of the loop.
      Ans
             For example:
```

```
for i in range(6):
            if i==3:
                 break
            print i
       The output of the above code will be:
       0
       1
       2
       The loop terminates when i becomes 3 due to break statement
       Whereas,
       continue statement is used to force the next iteration while skipping the statements in
       the present iteration.
       for i in range(6):
            if i==3:
                 continue
            print i
       The output of the above code will be:
       0
       1
       2
       4
       5
       continue statement forces next iteration when i becomes 3, bypassing the print
       statement .Thus ,in the output 3 is missing.
       (1 mark for explaining break statement with example)
       (1 mark for explaining continue statement with example)
       Identify and write the name of the module to which the following functions belong:
                                                                                                      1
(b)
       i. ceil()
                  ii. findall()
       i. ceil() - math module
Ans
       ii. findall() – re module
       (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> mark for each module)
(c)
       Observe the following Python code very carefully and rewrite it after removing all
                                                                                                      2
       syntactical errors with each correction underlined.
       DEF execmain():
            x= input("Enter a number:")
            if(abs(x) = x):
                 print "You entered a positive number:"
            else:
                 x=*-1
                 print "Number made positive:"x
       execmain()
```

Ans	<u>def</u> execmain():	
	x= input("Enter a number:")	
	if(abs(x) = x):	
	print "You entered a positive number:"	
	else:	
	x <u>*=</u> -1	
	print "Number made positive:" <u>,x</u>	
	execmain()	
	(1/2 mark for each correction)	
(d)	Write the output of the following Python code:	2
	i=5 j=7 x=0	
	i=i+(j-i) x=j+i	
	<pre>print x,":",i j=j**2</pre>	
	<pre>x=j+i i=i+1 print i,":",j</pre>	
Ans	14:7 8:49	
	(1 mark for each line of correct output)	
(e)	Write the output of the following Python program code:	3
	Data =['D','o',' ','I','t',' ','@',' ','1','2','3',' ','!']	
	<pre>for i in range(len(Data)-1):</pre>	
	<pre>if (Data[i].isupper()): Data[i]=Data[i].lower()</pre>	
	<pre>elif (Data[i].isspace()): Data[i]=Data[i+1]</pre>	
	print Data	
Ans	['d', 'o', 'I', 'i', 't', '@', '@', '1', '1', '2', '3', '!', '!'] (½ mark for converting 'D' to 'd')	
	(¹ / ₂ mark for converting 'I' to 'i')	
(f)	(½ mark for substituting each ' ' with the consecutive character)Study the following program and select the possible output(s) from the options (i) to (iv)	2

		following it. Also, write the maximum and the minimum values that can be assigned to	
		the variable Y.	
		import random	
		X= random.random()	
		Y= random.randint(0,4)	
		<pre>print int(X),":",Y+int(X)</pre>	
		i) 0 : 0	
		ii) 1 : 0	
		iii) 2 : 4	
		iv) 0 : 3	
	Ans	i) and iv) are the possible output(s)	
		Minimum value that can be assigned to $Y = 0$	
		Maximum value assigned to $Y = 3$	
		(¹ / ₂ mark for each correct possible output)	
		(¹ / ₂ mark for each correct possible minimum and maximum value)	
Q2	(a)	Explain operator overloading with the help of an example.	2
	Ans	The feature where an operator can be used in different forms is known as Operator Overloading. It is one of the methods to implement polymorphism.	
		'+' operator behaves differently with different data types. With integers it adds the two	
		numbers and with strings it concatenates or joins two strings.	
		For example: Print 8+9 will give 17 and Print "Python" + "programming" will give the	
		output as Python programming.	
		(2 marks for correct explanation using an example)	
		(1 mark for only writing a definition)	
	(b)	Observe the following Python code and answer the questions (i) and (ii):	
		class BOOK : count=0	
		<pre>definit(self): # Function 1</pre>	
		self.Author="Not assigned" self.Publisher = "Not assigned"	
		self.ISBN = "Not assigned"	
		<pre>def display(self):</pre>	
		print self.Author,self.Publisher,self.ISBN @staticmethod	
		def bookcount(): # Function 2	
		BOOK.count=BOOK.count+1	
		return BOOK.count	
	(i)	How is data member 'count' different from data member 'Author'?	1
	Ans	Data member 'count' is a Class attribute whereas the data member 'Author' is an	

	Instance attribute. Class Attributes belong to the cla instances. Such attributes are defin legibility. Attributes defined for each class in called instance attributes and they (1 mark for correct point of diffe	ned in the class body part, nstance are known as Inst abelong to each instance/ol	usually at the top, f	for
(ii)	Fill in the blanks: B= BOOK()	#Write statement to #Write statement to		
Ans	B.display() BOOK.bookcount() (1/2 mark for each correct staten			
(c)		ssign REGNO as 0, Score	and Fees as 0.0	4 input as
	Score	CNAME	Fees	
	 >=9.0 -<=10.0 >=8.0 - <9.0 >=5.0 - <8.0 less than 5.0 GETDATA() to in DISPLAY() to display the second seco	Clinical Psychology Corporate Counselling Guidance and Counselling Not Eligible put REGNO and Score ar	10000.0 8000.0 6000.0 0.0 d invoke SetCourse	e()

Area		[]
Ans	class COURSE:	
	<pre>definit(self):</pre>	
	self.REGNO = 0	
	self.CNAME = " "	
	self.Score=0.0	
	self.Fees=0.0	
	<pre>def SetCourse(self):</pre>	
	if (self.Score>=9.0 and self.Score<=10.0):	
	<pre>self.CNAME = "Clinical Psychology"</pre>	
	self.Fees = 10000.0	
	elif (self.Score>=8.0 and self.Score<9.0):	
	<pre>self.CNAME = "Corporate Counselling"</pre>	
	self.Fees = 8000.0	
	elif (self.Score>=5.0 and self.Score<8.0):	
	<pre>self.CNAME = "Guidance and Counselling"</pre>	
	self.Fees = 6000.0	
	elif (self.Score < 5.0):	
	<pre>self.CNAME = "Not Eligible"</pre>	
	self.Fees = 0.0	
	<pre>def GETDATA(self):</pre>	
	<pre>self.REGNO = input("Enter Registration number")</pre>	
	<pre>self.Score = input("Enter your Score")</pre>	
	self.SetCourse()	
	def DISPLAY(self):	
	print self.REGNO	
	print self.CNAME	
	print self.Score	
	print self.Fees	
	(¹ / ₂ mark for correct definition ofinit())	
	(2 marks for correct definition of SetCourse() :	
	1 mark for applying conditions using ifelifelse	
	1 mark for assigning correct values to CNAME and Fees	
	(1 mark for correct definition of GETDATA())	
	(¹ / ₂ mark for correct definition of DISPLAY())	
 (d)	Answer the questions (i) and (ii) based on the following:	4
(4)		7

	Racing car starts-ready to vroom! turned to left direction (1/2 mark for each line of output)
Ans	changed to gear 2
	<pre>rcar=RacingCar('Blue',2,206,78.5,6,200) rcar.start() rcar.turn("left")</pre>
(ii)	Predict the output that will be produced on the execution of the following statements :
	(2 marks for appropriate answer justifying the passing of parameters to initialize members of base class viainit())
	instance variables colour with clr, seatingCapacity with seats of base class Car through its constructor function/init()(Line 2) and invokes constructor function/init() of base class Vehicle to initialize its instance variables length with 1 and width with w(Line 3).
Ans	its instance variables turnRadius, speed. It accepts clr, seats, l, w to initialize the
(i)	Explain the relationship between Line 1, Line 2 and Line 3.
	<pre>def start(self): self.define() self.changeGears(2) print"Racing car starts-ready to vroom!"</pre>
	Carinit(self,clr,seats,l,w) #Line 2 self.turnRadius=tr self.speed=spd
	<pre>class RacingCar(Car): definit(self,clr,seats,l,w,tr,spd): # Line 1</pre>
	<pre>print "changed to gear",gr def turn(self,direction): print "turned to",direction,"direction"</pre>
	<pre>self.colour=clr self.seatingCapacity=seats def changeGears(self,gr):</pre>
	<pre>definit(self,clr,seats,l,w): Vehicleinit(self,l,w) #Line 3 #Line 3</pre>
	<pre>print "Vehicle with length", self.length,"in & width",self.width,"in" class Car(Vehicle):</pre>
	<pre>self.length=1 self.width=w def define(self):</pre>
	<pre>class Vehicle(object): definit(self,l=0,w=0):</pre>

Q3	(a)	 Write the definition of a function Reverse(X) in Python, to display the elements in reverse order such that each displayed element is the twice of the original element (element * 2) of the List X in the following manner: Example: If List X contains 7 integers is as follows: 	2
		X[0] X[1] X[2] X[3] X[4] X[5] X[6]	
		4 8 7 5 6 2 10	
		After executing the function, the array content should be displayed as follows:	
		20 4 12 10 14 16 8	
	Ans	def Reverse(X):	
		<pre>for i in range(len(X)-1,-1,-1): print X[i]*2</pre>	
		(1 mark for correct loop) (1 mark for dimension trains of the list element)	
	(h)	(1 mark for displaying twice of the list element)	3
	(b)	Consider the following unsorted list : [22, 54, 12, 90, 55, 78]	3
		Write the passes of selection sort for sorting the list in ascending order till the 3 rd	
		iteration.	
	Ans	Pass 1: [12, 54, 22, 90, 55, 78]	
	1 1115	Pass 2 : [12, 22, 54, 90, 55, 78]	
		Pass 3 : [12, 22, 54, 90, 55, 78]	
		(1 mark to produce correct List after each pass.)	
	(c)	Consider the following class Order and do as directed: class ORDER:	4
		L=[]	
		<pre>definit(self):</pre>	
		<pre>self.OID = 0 def insertorder(self):</pre>	
		<pre>self.OID = input("Enter Order Id")</pre>	
		def delorder(self):	
		:	
		i. Fill in the blank 1 with a statement to insert OID in the Queue maintained using List	
		ii. Complete the definition of delorder() to delete OID from the Queue maintained using	
		List L, the function should return the OID being deleted or -1 in case the Queue is	
		empty.	
	Ans:	i. self.L.append(self.OID)	
		(1 mark for the correct answer)	
		ii.	

	if (else (1 mark for (¹ / ₂ mark for (¹ / ₂ mark for (¹ / ₂ mark for	<pre>x= self.L[0] del(self.L[0]) return(x) r applying condition or returning -1) r deleting the first or returning the deleting the del</pre>	on to check if Q element from tl leted value)	ne Queue)		
d)	a and b are	erator function to go received as an arguinateodd (a, b) :			d b (including b).Note:	3
	i (½ mark fo (1 mark fo (½ mark fo (1 mark fo	<pre>in range(a,b+1) f(i%2!=0): yield(i) or correct function r correct use of loo or condition) r using yield() to yi fillering yielf()</pre>	header) p) ield the correct	value)		
(e)		f each operation:	expression using	g a stack. Show the	e contents of stack after	2
Ans	Symbol	Operation	Stack	Result		
	10	Push(10)	10			
	40	Push(40)	10,40			
	25	Push(25)	10,40,25			
	-	Pop(25) Pop(40) Push(40-25) =15	10,15			
	*	Pop(15) Pop(10) Push(10*15) =150	150			
	15	Push(15)	150,15			
	4	Push(4)	150,15,4			
	*	Pop(4) Pop(15) Push(15*4)=60	150,60			

		+ Pop(60) Pop(150) Push(150+60)=210 210 (½ mark for correct stack status till '-') (½ mark for correct stack status till '-') (½ mark for correct stack status till '*') (½ mark for correct stack status till '*') (½ mark for correct stack status till '+') () 0r 0	210		
		(1/2 mark for writing the correct result with	out showing the workin	g of Stack)	
Q4.	(a)	Nancy intends to position the file pointer to the statement for the same assuming F is the Filed	e beginning of a text file.		1
	Ans	F.seek(0)	J		
		(1 mark for the correct answer)			
	(b)	Write a function countmy () in Python to read number of times "my" occurs in the file. For example if the file "DATA.TXT" contain "This is my website. I have displayed my pref The countmy () function should display the o "my occurs 2 times".	s: erences in the CHOICE s		2
	Ans	<pre>def countmy(): f= open("DATA.TXT", "r") count =0 x=f.read() word= x.split() for i in word: if (i=="my"): count=count+1 print "my occurs", count, "times" (½ mark for reading the file using read) (½ mark for correctly using split()) (½ mark for the correct loop) (½ mark for displaying the correct value of </pre>	count)		
	(c)	Write a function in Python to search and displaying the correct value of stream is "HUMANITIES" from pickled file containing the objects of the following class:	ay details of all those stud		3

		class STUDENT:	
		def init (self):	
		self.RNO = 0	
		self.NAME = " "	
		self.STREAM = " "	
		<pre>self.PERCENT = 0.0 def ACCEPT(self):</pre>	
		<pre>self.RNO = input("Enter Roll no")</pre>	
		<pre>self.NAME = raw input("Enter Name")</pre>	
		<pre>self.STREAM = raw_input("Enter Stream")</pre>	
		<pre>self.PERCENT = input("Enter percentage")</pre>	
		<pre>def DISPLAY(self):</pre>	
		<pre>print self.RNO,self.NAME,self.STREAM,self.PERCENT def DET STDEAM(self);</pre>	
		<pre>def RET_STREAM(self): return(self.STREAM)</pre>	
		100din (beil bindin)	
	Ans:	<pre>def readfile():</pre>	
		<pre>f= open("Student.dat", "rb")</pre>	
		try: while(True):	
		S= pickle.load(f)	
		if (S.RET_STREAM() == "HUMANITIES"):	
		S.DISPLAY()	
		except EOFError:	
		pass ()	
		f.close()	
		-	
		(½ mark for opening the file in correct mode)	
		(¹ / ₂ mark for try except EOFError)	
		(1/2 mark for while loop)	
		$(\frac{1}{2} \text{ mark for using pickle.load})$ correctly)	
		$(\frac{1}{2} \text{ mark for comparison using if})$	
		(¹ / ₂ mark for displaying)	
		SECTION – C	
Q5	(a)	Differentiate between DDL & DML commands. Identify DDL & DML commands from	2
		the following:-	
		(UPDATE, SELECT, ALTER, DROP)	
	Ans	DDL stands for Data Definition language and comprises of commands which will	
		change the structure of database object.	
		DML stands for Data Manipulation Language and comprises of commands which	
		are used to insert, edit, view & delete the data stored in a database object.	
		DDL Commands: ALTER, DROP	
		DML Commands: UPDATE, SELECT	
		Divil Commanus. Of DATE, SELECT	

b) (Consider the follow	ving relations Mol	bileMaster & M	obileStock:	-	
			<u>MobileMaster</u>			
	M_Id	M_Company	M_Name	M_Pric	e M_Mf_Da	ate
	MB001	Samsung	Galaxy	4500	2013-02-	12
	MB003	Nokia	N1100	2250	2011-04-	15
	MB004	Micromax	Unite3	4500	2016-10-	17
	MB005	Sony	XperiaM	7500	2017-11-	20
	MB006	Орро	SelfieEx	8500	2010-08-	21
	S_Id	M_Id	MobileStock M_Q	ty	M_Supplier	
	S001	MB004	450)	New Vision	
	S002	MB003	250)	Praveen Galler	·y
	S003	MB001	300) (Classic Mobile S	tore
	S004	MB006	150)	A-one Mobile	S
	S005	MB003	150)	The Mobile	
	S006	MB006	50		Mobile Centre	e

6

- Display the Mobile company, Mobile name & price in descending order of their manufacturing date.
- (ii) List the details of mobile whose name starts with 'S'.
- (iii) Display the Mobile supplier & quantity of all mobiles except 'MB003'.
- (iv) To display the name of mobile company having price between 3000 & 5000.
- (v) SELECT M_Id, SUM(M_Qty) FROM MobileStock GROUP BY M_Id;
- (vi) SELECT MAX(M_Mf_Date), MIN(M_Mf_Date) FROM MobileMaster;
- (vii) SELECT M1.M_Id, M1.M_Name, M2.M_Qty, M2.M_Supplier FROM MobileMaster M1, MobileStock M2 WHERE M1.M_Id=M2.M_Id AND M2.M_Qty>=300;

	(viii)	SELECT AVC	G(M_Price) F	ROM Mobile	Master;			
Ans	(i)	SELECT M	_Compnay,	M_Name,	M_Price	FROM	MobileMaster	
		ORDER BY M	M_Mf_Date	DESC;				
		(¹ /2 mark for correct SELECT)						
		(¹ /2 mark for correct ORDER BY)						
	(ii)	SELECT * FROM MobileMaster WHERE M_Name LIKE 'S%';						
		(¹ / ₂ mark for correct SELECT)						
		(1/2 mark for	correct WH	ERE clause)				
	(iii)	SELECT M_	Supplier, M	Qty FROM	1 MobileSt	tock WH	ERE M_Id <>	
		'MB003';						
		(1/2 mark for	correct SEL	ECT)				
		(1/2 mark for	correct WH	ERE clause)				
	(iv)	SELECT M	Company	FROM M	IobileMast	er WHI	ERE M_Price	:
		BETWEEN 3	000 AND 50	00;				
		(¹ /2 mark for correct SELECT)						
		(¹ / ₂ mark for c	orrect BET	WEEN claus	e)			
	(v)							
		M_Id	SUI	M(M_Qty)				
		MB004	450					
		MB003	400					
		MB001	300					
		MB006	200					
		(¹ / ₂ mark for c	orrect outpu	ıt)				
	(vi)							
		MAX(M_Mf_Date)		MIN(M_Mf_Date)				
		2017-11-20		2010-08-21				
		(½ mark for correct output)						
	(vii)							
		M_Id	M_Name	M_Qty	M_Su	pplier		
		MB004	Unite3	450	New_	Vision		

			MB001	Gala	axy	300		Classic Mo	obile Store	
			(1/2 mark fo	or correc	t output)					
		(viii)	5450							
			(1/2 mark fo	or correc	t output)					
Q6.	(a)	State & pi	rove De-Mor	gan's law	v using tru	th table	2.			2
	Ans	De-morga	an's Law:	(A+B)' =	A'.B'					
				(A.B)' =	A'+B'					
		-	ng Truth Ta							
		Α		A+B	(A+B)'	A'	B'			
		0		0	1	1	1	1		
		0		1	0	1	0	0		
		1		1	0	0	1	0		
		1	1	1	0	0	0	0		
		(½ mark	each for sta	ting corr	·ect De-m	organ	s law)			
		(1 mark f	or correct p	roof)						
	(b)	Draw the	equivalent lo	gic circui	it diagram	of the	followi	ng Boolean e	expression:-	2
				(A' + B).	C'					
	Ans	Logic Cire	cuit Diagram	for (A' +	- B).C' is	given a	ıs:-			
		A-	->	A'		[A ' +]	R) –			
) > -		<i>,</i>)	(A' + B).C'	
		B —	\sim	/						
		C-		C'						
		(½ mark	each for cor	rect plac	ement of	gate)				
	(c)	Write the	SOP form f	or the Bo	olean Fu	nction	F(X,Y,Z	Z) represente	ed by the given truth	1
		table:-								
			Γ	Х	Y		Ζ	F		
				0	0		0	0		
				0	0		1	1		
				0	1		0	1		

		0 1	1	0						
		1 0	0	0						
		1 0	1	0						
		1 1	0	1						
		1 1	1	1						
	Ans	SOP Form is : X'.Y'.Z + X'.Y.Z' + X.Y.Z' +	X.Y.Z							
		(1 mark for correct answer) Note: Deduct ½ mark if wrong variable name	es are	written in the	expression					
	(d)	Reduce the following Boolean expression using			•	3				
		$F(U,V,W,Z) = \pi(0,2,5,7,12,13,15)$)							
	Ans	POS form using K-Map is given as:-								
				Pair 1						
		W+Z W+Z' W'+Z		W'+Z						
		U+V O		0						
		0 1	3	2						
		U+V' 0 0			Quad 1					
		4 5	7	6						
		U'+V' 0 0 0								
		12 13	15	14						
		U'+V								
		8 9	11	10						
		Pair 2								
		Quad 1: (V'+Z')								
		Pair 1: $(U+V+Z)$								
		Pair 2: $(U'+V'+W)$								
		POS Form: (V'+Z').(U+V+Z).(U'+V'+W)								
		(14 Mark for drawing K Man with correct w	mable	nomed)						
		(¹ / ₂ Mark for drawing K-Map with correct va (¹ / ₂ Mark each for correct placement of 0)	iriadie	e names)						
		(¹ / ₂ Mark each for 3 groupings)	ood/m	inimal form)						
		(1/2 Mark for writing final expression in redu Note: Deduct 1/2 mark if wrong variable name								
Q7.	(a)	A teacher provides "http://www.XtSchool.co	m/def	ault.aspx" to	his/her students to	1				

(i) Copying data from the social networking account of a person without his/her information & consent. (ii) Deleting some files, images, videos, etc. from a friend's computer with his consent. (iii) Viewing & transferring funds digitally from a person's bank account without his/her knowledge. (iv) Intentionally making a false account on the name of a celebrity on a social networking site. Ans (ii) (I) Mark for correct answer) (Deduct ½ mark for any wrong answer) I (c) Expand the following:- 1 1. GSM 2. TDMA Ans GSM: Global System for Mobile Communication TDMA: Time Division Multiple Access (½ mark for each correct answer) (d) What is the significance of cookies stored on a computer? 1 Ans Cookies is small text file that web servers send to a web browser so that the web server can keep track of the user's activity on a particular website. 1 (e) Kabir wants to purchase a Book online and placed the order for that book using an e- commerce website. Now, he is going to pay the amount for that book online using his 1		identify the URL & domain name.	
(½ mark for each correct answer) (b) Which out of the following does not come under Cyber Crime? (i) Copying data from the social networking account of a person without his/her information & consent. (ii) Deleting some files, images, videos, etc. from a friend's computer with his consent. (iii) Viewing & transferring funds digitally from a person's bank account without his/her knowledge. (iv) Intentionally making a false account on the name of a celebrity on a social networking site. Ans (ii) (i) Ceduct ½ mark for any wrong answer) (c) Expand the following:- 1. GSM 2. TDMA Ans GSM: Global System for Mobile Communication TDMA: Time Division Multiple Access (½ mark for each correct answer) (d) What is the significance of cookies stored on a computer? 1 Ans Cookies is small text file that web servers send to a web browser so that the web server can keep track of the user's activity on a particular website. (1 mark for each correct answer) (e) Kabir wants to purchase a Book online and placed the order for that book using an e-commerce website. Now, he is going to pay the amount for that book online using his 1	Ans	URL: http://www.XtSchool.com/default.aspx	
(b) Which out of the following does not come under Cyber Crime? 1 (i) Copying data from the social networking account of a person without his/her information & consent. 1 (ii) Deleting some files, images, videos, etc. from a friend's computer with his consent. 1 (iii) Viewing & transferring funds digitally from a person's bank account without his/her knowledge. 1 (iv) Intentionally making a false account on the name of a celebrity on a social networking site. 1 Ans (ii) (ii) 1 (c) Expand the following:- 1 1. GSM 2. TDMA 1 Ans GSM: Global System for Mobile Communication TDMA: Time Division Multiple Access 1 (d) What is the significance of cookies stored on a computer? 1 Ans Cookies is small text file that web servers send to a web browser so that the web server can keep track of the user's activity on a particular website. 1 (e) Kabir wants to purchase a Book online and placed the order for that book using an e- commerce website. Now, he is going to pay the amount for that book online using his 1		Domain name: XtSchool.com	
(b) Which out of the following does not come under Cyber Crime? 1 (i) Copying data from the social networking account of a person without his/her information & consent. 1 (ii) Deleting some files, images, videos, etc. from a friend's computer with his consent. 1 (iii) Viewing & transferring funds digitally from a person's bank account without his/her knowledge. 1 (iv) Intentionally making a false account on the name of a celebrity on a social networking site. 1 Ans (ii) (ii) 1 (c) Expand the following:- 1 1. GSM 2. TDMA 1 Ans GSM: Global System for Mobile Communication TDMA: Time Division Multiple Access 1 (d) What is the significance of cookies stored on a computer? 1 Ans Cookies is small text file that web servers send to a web browser so that the web server can keep track of the user's activity on a particular website. 1 (e) Kabir wants to purchase a Book online and placed the order for that book using an e- commerce website. Now, he is going to pay the amount for that book online using his 1			
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	 (e)	Kabir wants to purchase a Book online and placed the order for that book using an e-	1
Mobile, he needs which of the following to complete the online transaction:-		commerce website. Now, he is going to pay the amount for that book online using his	
insome, he needs which of the following to complete the online transaction.		Mobile, he needs which of the following to complete the online transaction:-	
1. A bank account,		1. A bank account,	
2. A Mobile connection/phone which is attached to above bank account,		2. A Mobile connection/phone which is attached to above bank account,	

	3. The mobile banking app	of the above bank instal	lled on that mobile						
	 4. Login credentials(UserId 								
	 Login credentials(Oseria All of above. 	& Password) provided	by the bank,						
Ans	Option No.5								
	•								
	(1 mark for correct answer)								
(f)	What do you mean by data encry	ption? For what purpos	e it is used for?	1					
Ans	Data encryption is a technique	e used for data securi	ty in which original mes	sage is					
	converted or encoded using a	n algorithm into a fo	orm not understood by a	anyone					
	except the person who has the	key to decode it.							
	(½ mark for correct definition)								
	$(\frac{1}{2} \text{ mark for its purpose: data})$								
(g)									
ίζ,	Sanskar University of Himachal			-					
	Himachal Pradesh for operating their day-to-day office & web based activities. They are								
	planning to have network connectivity between four buildings. Answer the question (i) to (iv) after going through the building positions in the campus & other details which are								
	given below:	ang positions in the c	ampus & other details wi	lich are					
	given below.								
			_						
	Admin Main Building								
	Admin	Building							
	Finance		Academic						
	The distances between various be	uildings of university a	re given as:-						
	Building 1	Building 2	Distance(in mtrs.)						
	Main	Admin	50						
	Main	Finance	100						
	Main	Academic	70						
	Admin	Finance	50						
	Finance	Academic	70						
		Dece No. 22							

		Admin	Academic	60	
	Number of co	omputers:-	I	I	
		Buildin	ng N	No. of Computers	
		Main		150	
		Admir	1	75	
		Finance	e	50	
		Academ	nic	60	
	As a network	k expert, you are	required to give	best possible solutions	for the given
	queries of the	university adminis	tration:-		
	(a) Sugge	est cable layout for t	the connections bet	tween the various build	ings,
	(b) Sugge	est the most suitab	le building to hou	use the server of the n	network of the
	univer	rsity,			
	(c) Sugge	est the placement of	following devices	with justification:	
	1. Swi	itch/Hub			
	2. Rep	peater			
	(d) Sugge	est the technology	out of the follow	ving for setting-up ver	y fast Internet
	conne	ctivity among build	lings of the univers	sity	
	1. Oj	ptical Fibre			
	2. Co	paxial cable			
	3. Et	hernet Cable			
Ans	s (a) Star to	opology			
		Admin	Main Bran		
	Fi	inance		Aca	demic
	(1 ma	rk for drawing co	rrect layout)		
	(b) Server	r should be placed	at Main Building	g as it has the maxim	um number of
	comp	uters.			
	(1 ma	rk for correct ans	wer)		
	(c) Hub/S	Switch each would b	be needed in all the	e buildings to interconne	ect the group

of cables from the different computers in each building	
A repeater needs o be placed along the wire between main building & finance	
building as the distance between them is more than 70 mtr.	
(1/2 mark for each correct placement)	
(1/2 mark for each correct justification)	
(d) Optical Fibre	
(1 mark for correct answer)	
